

Fig. 4. from Observational Constraints on Higher Order Clustering up to $z = 1$

Szapudi et al. 2001 ApJ 548 114 doi:10.1086/318686

<https://dx.doi.org/10.1086/318686>

© 2001. The American

Astronomical Society. All rights reserved. Printed in

U.S.A.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\text{triangle with vertices 1, 2, 3} \right) = Q^3 \left(\text{triangle with one edge} + \text{triangle with one edge} + \text{triangle with one edge} \right) + \\
 & Q^{111} \left(\text{triangle} \right) + \\
 & Q^{21} \left(\text{triangle with one edge double} + \text{triangle with one edge double} + \text{triangle with one edge double} + \right. \\
 & \left. \text{triangle with one edge double} + \text{triangle with one edge double} + \text{triangle with one edge double} \right) + \\
 & \text{triangle with one edge double}
 \end{aligned}$$